

**U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

**U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY**

**Data Report for 1991 Active-Source Seismic Profiles  
in the San Francisco Bay Area, California**

by

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## INTRODUCTION

To address questions raised by the 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake, the USGS conducted two seismic refraction/wide angle reflection surveys in the San Francisco Bay area during 1991. The depth and wave propagation characteristics of the 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake pointed out the need for a more detailed understanding of the crustal structure within the greater San Francisco Bay area. To better understand the Loma Prieta epicentral region, a 25-km-long high resolution profile was recorded across the Santa Cruz Mountains; the LP profile (figure 1). A 180-km-long profile (SF profile) was recorded along the San Francisco and Marin Peninsulas to determine the wave propagation effects in the San Francisco region. During the 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake, areas of higher-than-normal destruction far from the source (~100 km), implied crustal structure, as well as local site geology, may have played an important role in the level of strong ground motion and, therefore, the distribution of intense damage. Along the SF profile (figure 1), the correlation between the areas of greatest damage and focusing of seismic energy from deep reflections are being studied.

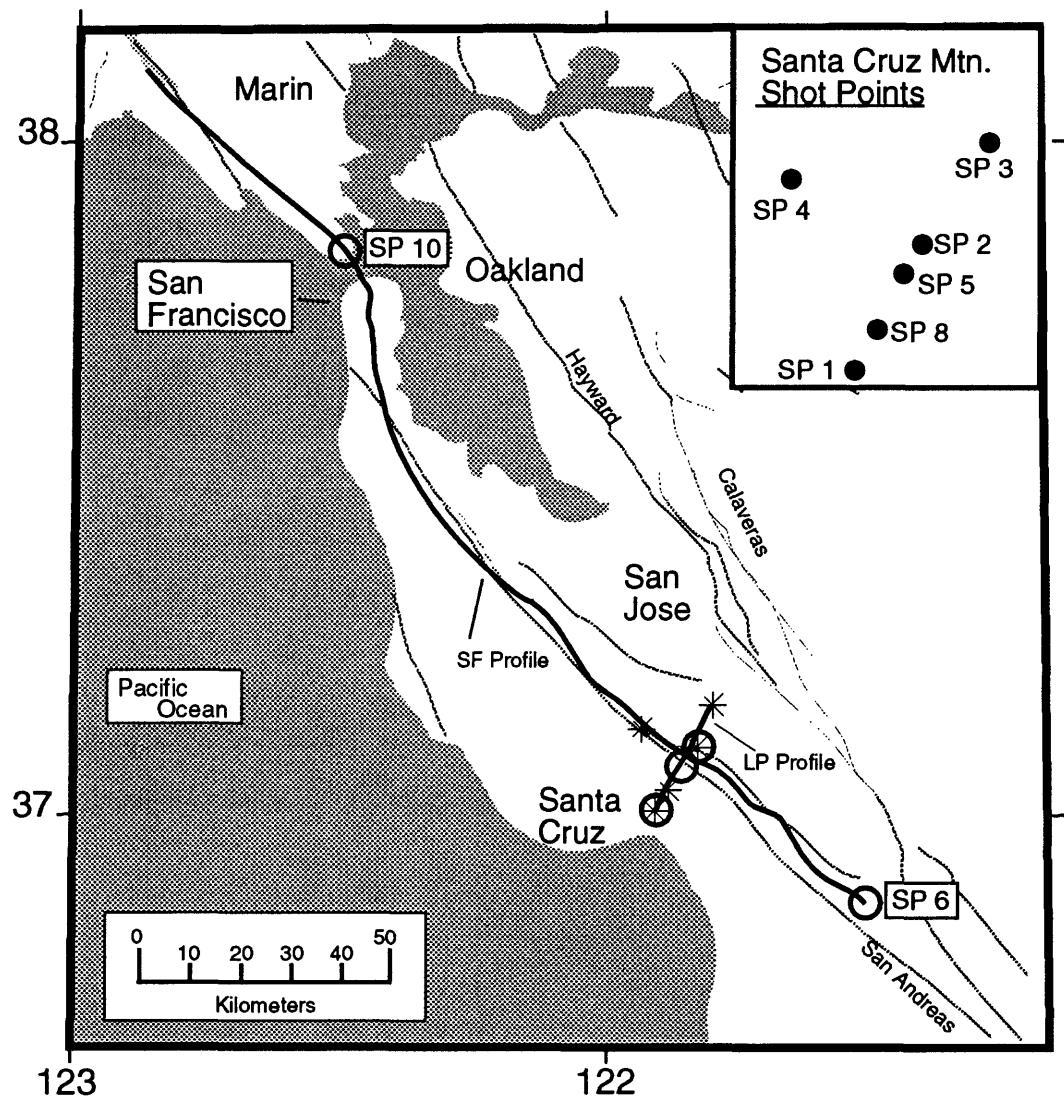
The data have been archived at the National Geophysical Data Center in Boulder, Colorado. Tapes are available from:

U.S. Department of Commerce  
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration  
325 Broad  
Boulder, CO 80303

## DESCRIPTION OF THE SURVEYS

The survey consisted of a 180-km-long, northwest-southeast profile (SF profile) with 1-km spacing between seismic recorders and a short 25-km-long, northeast-southwest profile (LP profile) with a 100-m receiver spacing. Five shots were recorded on each profile (figure 1). A Global Positioning System (GPS), the Trimble Navigation Path Finder, was used to determine locations and elevations for all shot points and for most of the seismic recorder stations. These locations are estimated to be accurate to within 5 meters. Locations for seismic recorder stations 1095-1098, and 1193-1199 were determined from USGS 1:24,000 topographic maps. These locations are estimated to be accurate to within 15 meters. Shot point locations are listed in table 1 and Instrument locations are given in appendix A.

Seismic sources were produced by explosions in drilled holes. The shallow hole at shot point 8 was drilled with an auger and loaded with seven



#### Shot Points

○ SF Profile

\* LP Profile

\\ Seismic Profiles

/ Faults

Fig. 1. Map of the San Francisco Bay Area showing the locations of the seismic profiles recorded in 1991.

1-lb, nitrate-based boosters. All other shot points consisted of a 20-cm-diameter drill hole filled with an ammonium nitrate blasting agent. The depth of each drill hole and the amount of explosive are listed in table 1. At shot time, a signal from a USGS master reference clock triggered the shooting system to fire an electric blasting cap, which sequentially caused the primacord, boosters, and blasting agent to detonate. The shot origin times are determined by the master clocks, assuming that the explosives detonated at the exact time of the cap break. The reported shot times (table 1) are accurate to within  $\pm 1$  millisecond.

## INSTRUMENTATION

Seismic Group Recorders (SGR's) were used to collect data during this experiment. These SGR-III recorders were designed by Amoco Production Company, built by Globe Universal Sciences, Inc., and modified by the USGS. The SGR-III is a single channel, digital seismic recorder with a theoretical dynamic range of 156 dB. Data are sampled at 500 samples per second by a 12 bit A/D with gain ranging from 0-90 dB in 6 dB steps. These SGR's have been modified to turn on at preset times instead of using the standard radio turn on. Timing is provided by a temperature compensated internal oscillator that is synchronized to a USGS master clock prior to deployment. The USGS master clocks drift approximately one millisecond per week and are checked periodically against satellite clocks. The digital data and a drift rate are recorded on cartridge tape. The drift rate is used to calculate a chronometer correction at shot time. For this experiment, the SGR-III pre-amplifier was set to 50 mV, the low-cut filter was "out", and the 60-Hz notch filter was "in". Figure 2 shows the phase characteristics associated with these filter settings. Each SGR III was connected to a single string of 6 modified Marks Products L-10B vertical component geophones connected in series. The total system response is shown in figure 3.

## RECORD SECTIONS

Record sections are plotted with maximum trace amplitudes normalized to a common value. The horizontal axis represents distance in kilometers and the vertical axis represents reduced travel time in seconds ( $T = t - x/6.0$ ). Shots 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 10 are plotted with distances relative to the shot point (Figures 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 13, respectively). For the LP line, distances are positive to the northeast and negative to the southwest. For the SF line, distances are positive to the northwest and negative to the southeast. Shots 4 and 9 are plotted as psuedo-fan record sections (Figures 7 and 12, respectively). In the psuedo-fan record sections, distances are plotted relative

to the southwestern most recorder location on the LP line (1016) for shot 4 and the southeastern most recorder location on the SF line (2163) for shot 9.

## ARCHIVE DATA TAPE FORMAT

Archive data tapes are written in standard SEG-Y 32-bit IBM floating point format (Barry et al., 1975). The tape recording density is 6250 bpi and each tape has the standard SEG-Y EBCDIC reel header. Minor modifications to the trace headers allow refraction data to be archived in this format. A list of the header fields used for this data is shown below. For a more compete description of the tape format see Appendix B. Appendix B can be used as an include file in fortran programs that read SEG-Y data tapes.

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### Binary area of file (or reel) Identification Header

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1-4	Not used
5-8	Not used
9-12	Reel number
13-14	Not used
15-16	Not used
17-18	Sample interval in microseconds
19-20	Sample interval in microseconds
21-22	No of samples per trace
23-24	(field data) No of samples per trace
25-26	Data sample format code (1 = IBM Floating point)
27-28	Not used
29-30	Trace sorting code (1 = as recorded)
31-32	Not used
33-34	Not used
35-36	Not used
37-38	Not used
39-40	Not used
41-42	Not used
43-44	Not used
45-46	Not used
47-48	Not used
49-50	Correlated data traces (1 = no)
51-52	Binary gain recovered (1 = yes)
53-54	Not used
55-56	Not used
57-58	Not used

59-60	Not used
61-62	Number of traces in the file
63-64	Not used
65-68	Not used
69-70	Domain of data
71-72	unused to allow alignment of four byte boundaries.
73-76	Not used
77-80	Not used
81-84	Not used
85-86	Not used
87-88	Not used
89-90	Not used
91-92	Not used
93-398	Not used

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Trace Identification Header (total of 240 bytes)

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1-4	Trace sequence number within line
5-8	Trace sequence number within line
9-12	Shot number
13-16	Recorder location number
17-20	Shot point location number
21-24	Original field order of shots for each deployment
25-28	Trace sequence number within shot ensemble
29-30	Trace identification code (1 = seismic data)
31-32	Number of vertically summed traces yielding this trace
33-34	Not used
35-36	Not used
37-40	Distance from source to receiver (for sign definition see text)
41-44	Receiver group elevation (m)
45-48	Surface elevation of source (m)
49-52	Shot depth
53-56	Receiver elevation
57-60	Shot point elevation
61-64	Not used
65-68	Not used
69-70	Scalar multiplier/divisor for bytes 41-68
71-72	Scalar multiplier/divisor for bytes 73-88
73-76	Source coordinate X or longitude (East positive)
77-80	Source coordinate Y or latitude (North positive)
81-84	Group coordinate X or longitude (East positive)
85-88	Group coordinate Y or latitude (North positive)

89-90	Coordinate units
91-92	Not used
93-94	Not used
95-96	Not used
97-98	Not used
99-100	Not used
101-102	Not used
103-104	Not used
105-106	Not used
107-108	Not used
109-110	Delay recording time (reduced start time) (msec)
111-112	Not used
113-114	Not used
115-116	No of samples in this trace
117-118	Sampling interval in microseconds
119-120	Gain type (1=fixed 2=binary 3=floating)
121-122	Gain constant
123-124	Instrument or initial gain in DB
125-126	Correlated 1=no 2=yes
127-128	Not used
129-130	Not used
131-132	Not used
133-134	Not used
135-136	Not used
137-138	Not used
139-140	Not used
141-142	Not used
143-144	Not used
145-146	Not used
147-148	Not used
149-150	Not used
151-152	Not used
153-154	Not used
155-156	Not used
157-158	Year of start of trace
159-160	Day of start of trace
161-162	Hour of start of trace
163-164	Minute of start of trace
165-166	Second of start of trace
167-168	Not used
169-170	Not used
171-172	Not used
173-174	Not used
175-176	Not used
177-178	Distance-azimuth calculation algorithm
179-180	Earth dimension code

181-183	Microseconds of trace start time
185-186	Millisecond of timing correction
187-188	Not used
189-190	Shot time - Year
191-192	Shot time - Day
193-194	Shot time - Hour
195-196	Shot time - Minute
197-198	Shot time - Second
199-202	Shot time - Microsecond
203-204	Azimuth of receiver from shot (minutes of arc)
205-206	Not used
207-208	Not used
209-212	Not used
213-216	Not used
217-220	Not used
221-223	Not used
224-228	Not used
229-232	Not used
233-236	Not used
237-240	Not used

TABLE 1 SHOT LIST

<u>SHOT</u>	<u>LOCATION NUMBER</u>	<u>LATITUDE</u>	<u>LONGITUDE</u>	<u>ELEV (m)</u>	<u>DEPTH (m)</u>	<u>CHARGE (lbs)</u>	<u>SHOT TIME J-DAY HR:MIN:SEC</u>
1	1	37.021353	-121.902786	79	38	1000	142 06:00:00.00
	2	37.105612	-121.847205	1034	33	1000	142 06:02:00.00
3	3	37.172819	-121.791568	175	33	1000	142 06:04:00.00
4	4	37.147456	-121.953758	268	24	500	142 06:05:00.00
5	8	37.048383	-121.882774	433	3	7	142 07:01:00.00
6	5	37.085045	-121.861415	530	54	3000	144 07:00:00.00
7	6	36.857161	-121.561372	122	45	2000	144 07:02:00.00
8	2	37.105612	-121.847205	1034	27	1000	144 07:04:00.00
9	1	37.021353	-121.902786	79	*	1000	144 08:04:00.00
10	10	37.827884	-122.490028	15	57	3000	150 09:30:00.00

\* Reloaded open hole. Exact depth unknown

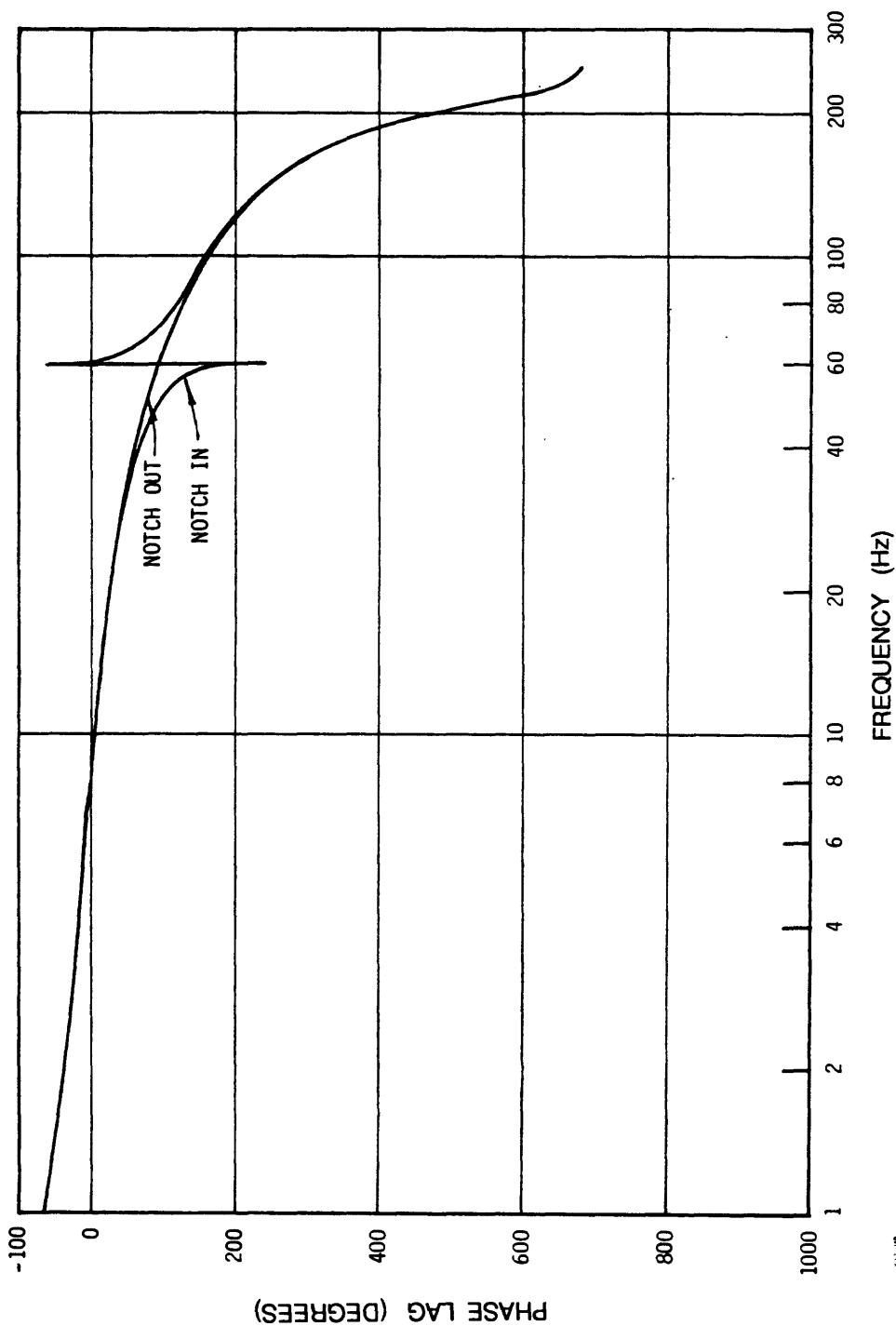


Figure 2. The phase characteristics of the SGRs with the filters as described in the text.

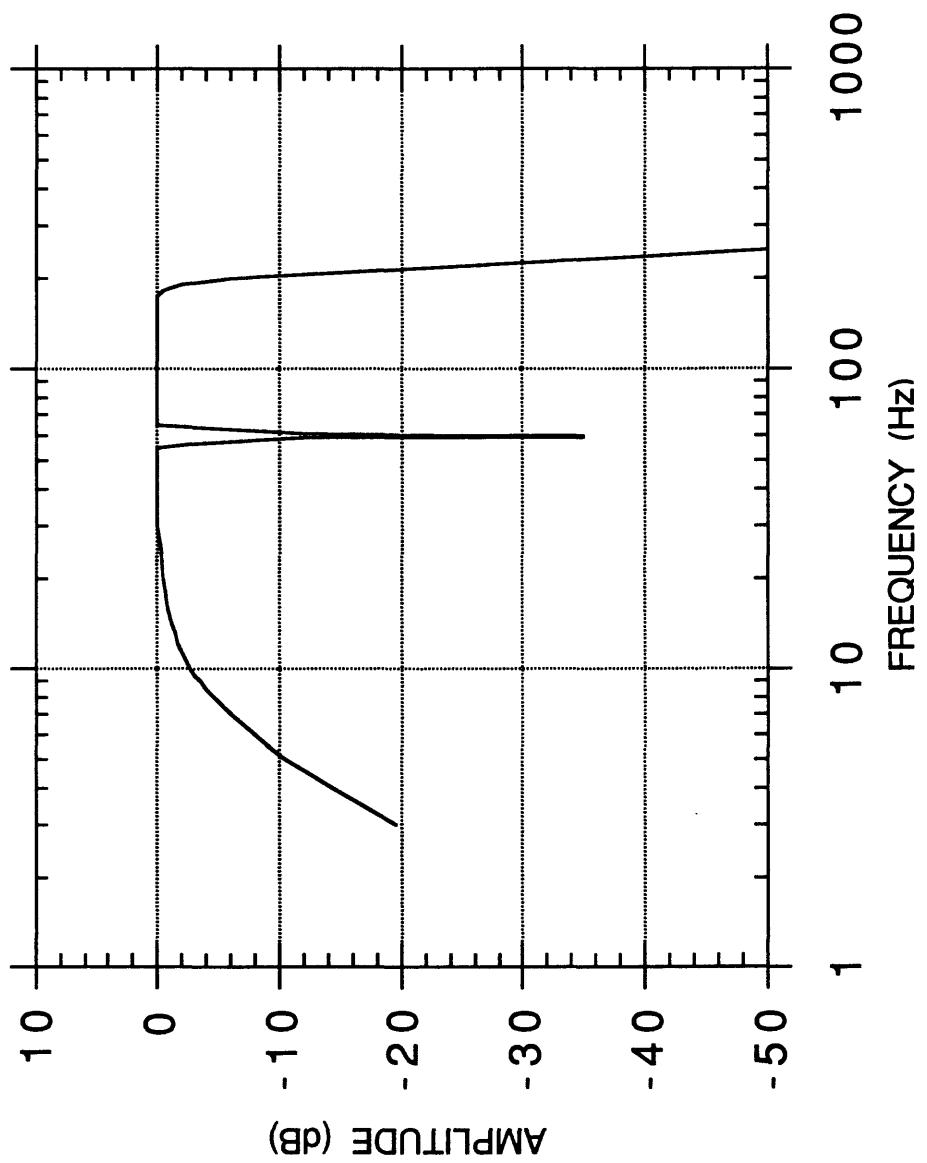


Figure 3. The total system response.

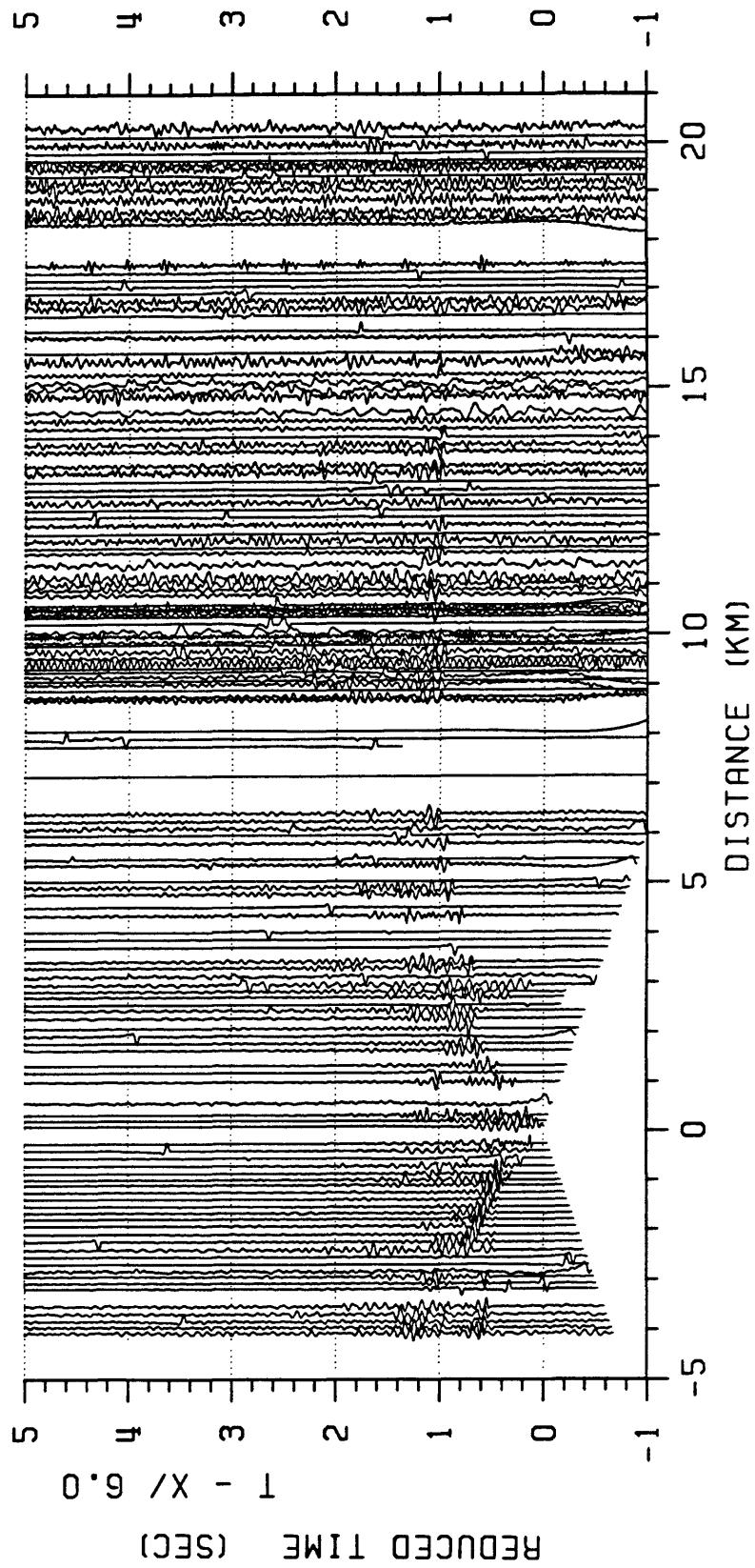


FIGURE 4. LP PROFILE  
SHOT 1 SHOT POINT 1

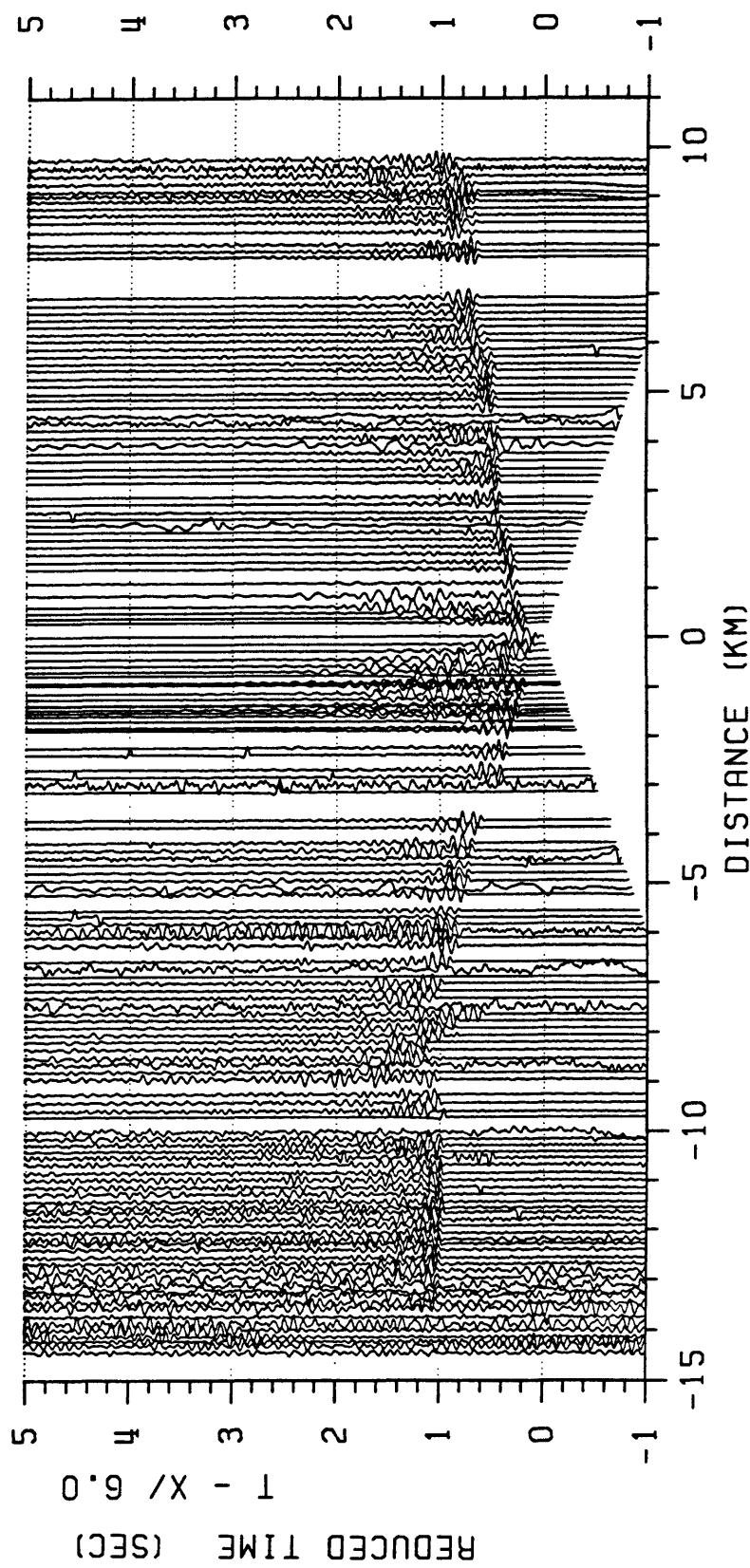


FIGURE 5. LP PROFILE  
SHOT 2 SHOT POINT 2

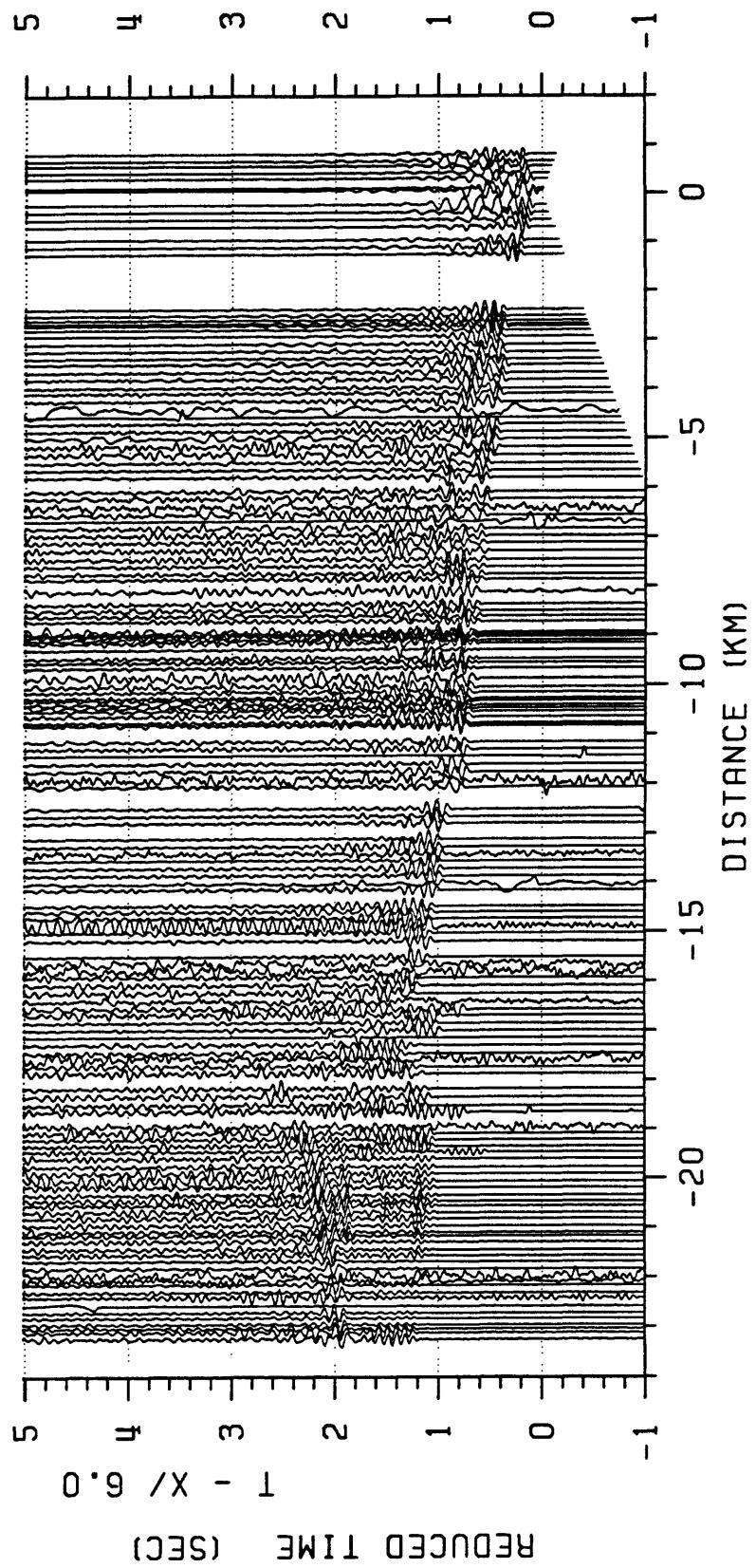


FIGURE 6. LP PROFILE  
SHOT 3 SHOT POINT 3

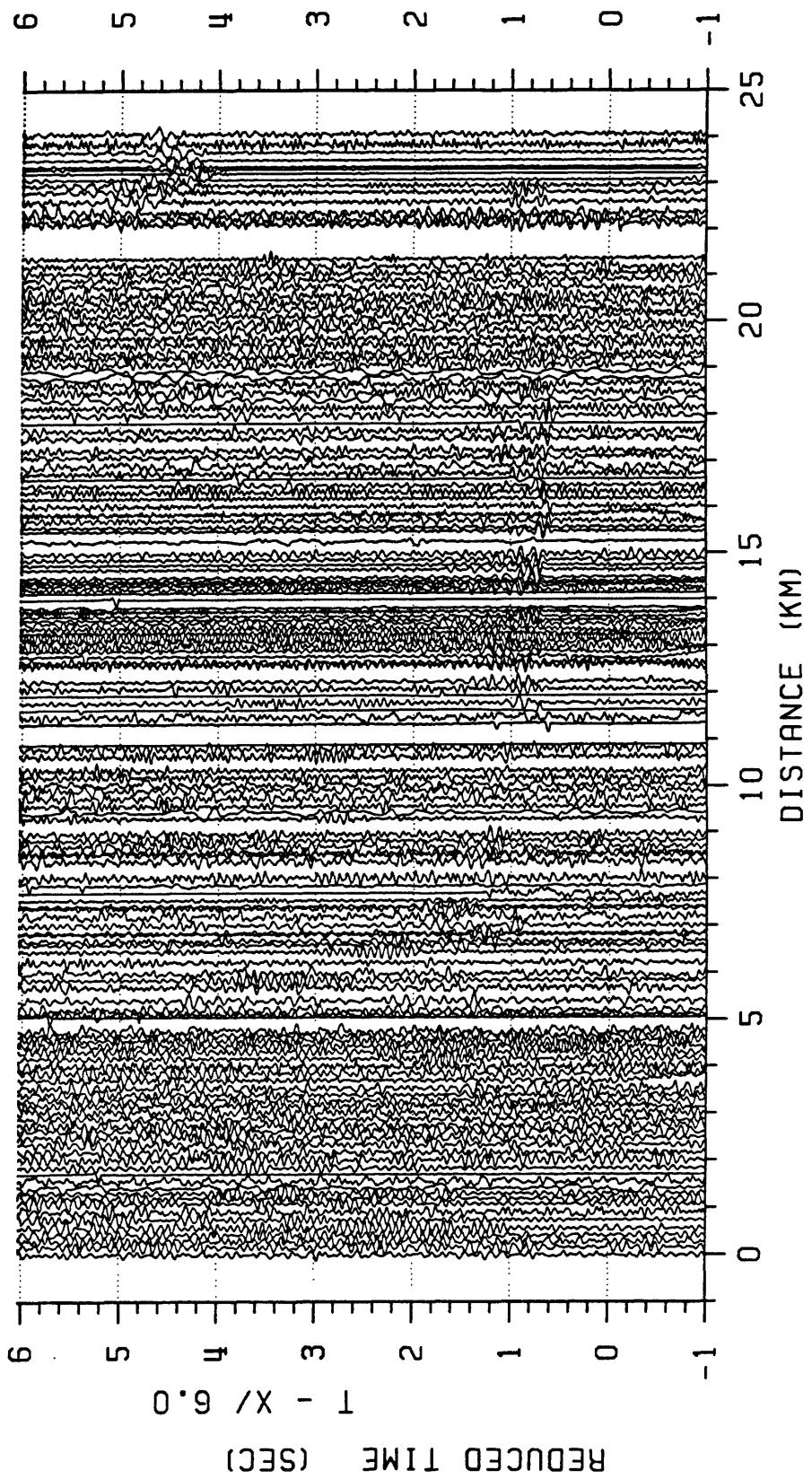


FIGURE 7. LP PROFILE  
SHOT 4 SHOT POINT 4

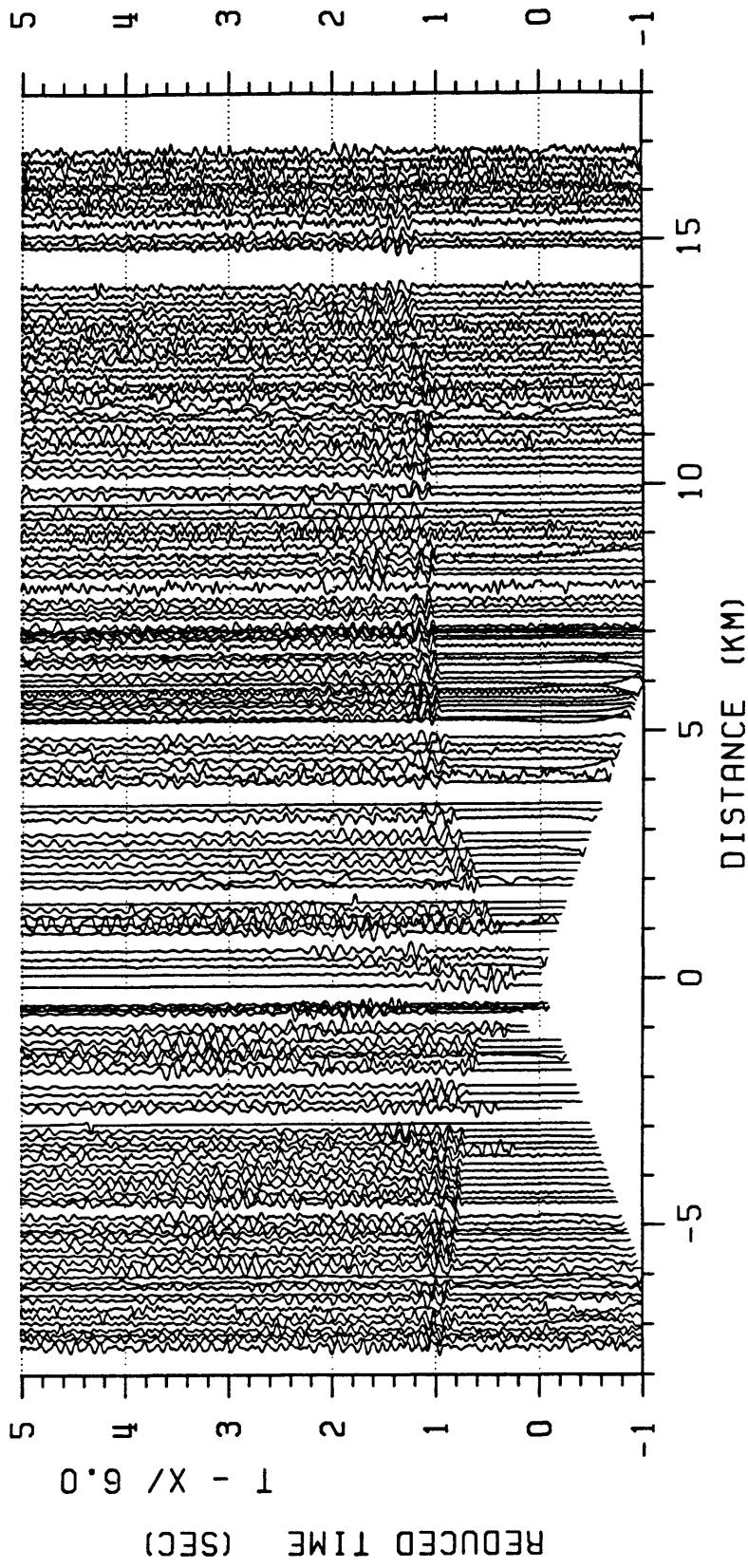


FIGURE 8. LP PROFILE  
SHOT 5 SHOT POINT 8

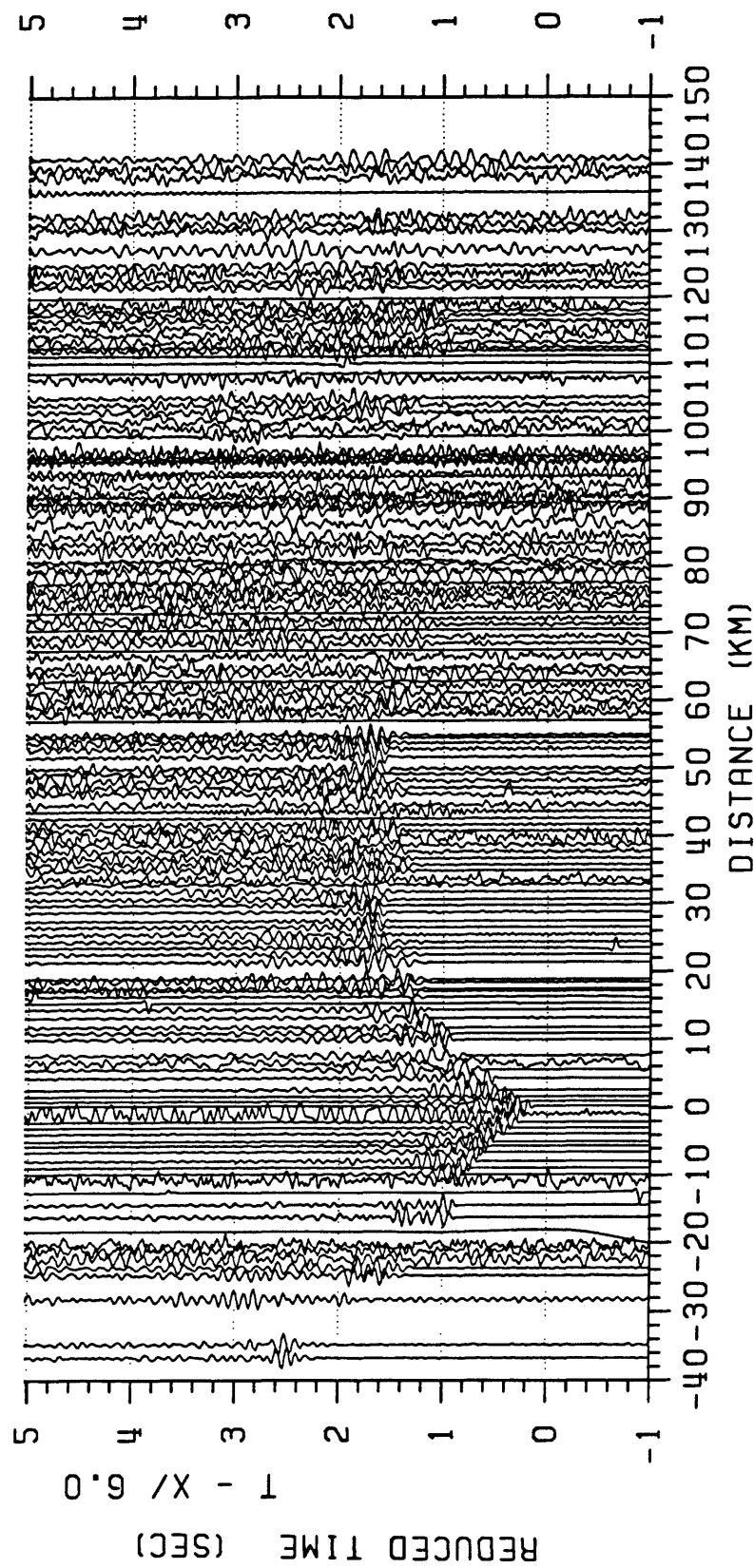


FIGURE 9. SF PROFILE  
SHOT 6 SHOT POINT 5

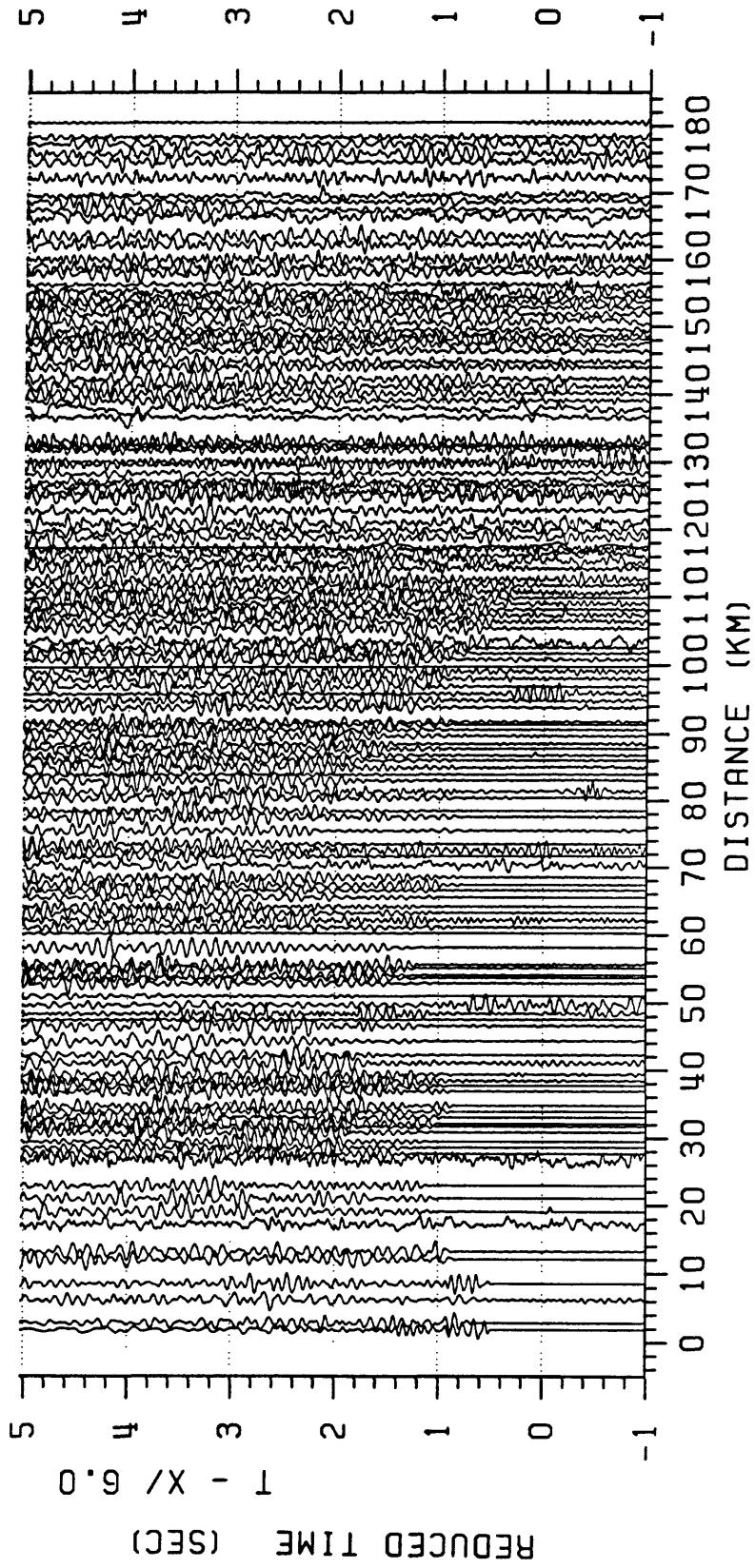


FIGURE 10. SF PROFILE  
SHOT 7 SHOT POINT 6

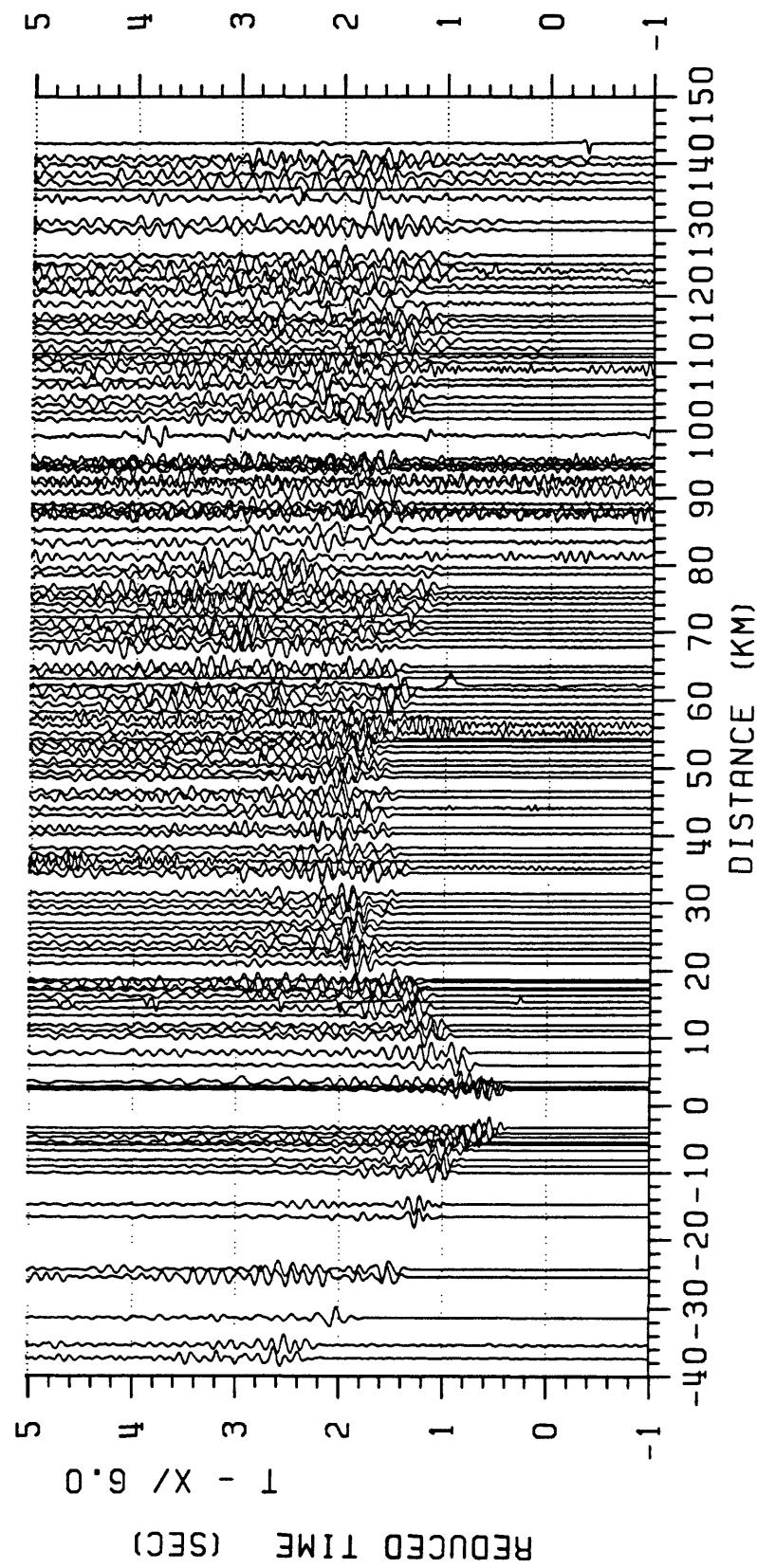


FIGURE 11. SF PROFILE  
SHOT 8 SHOT POINT 2

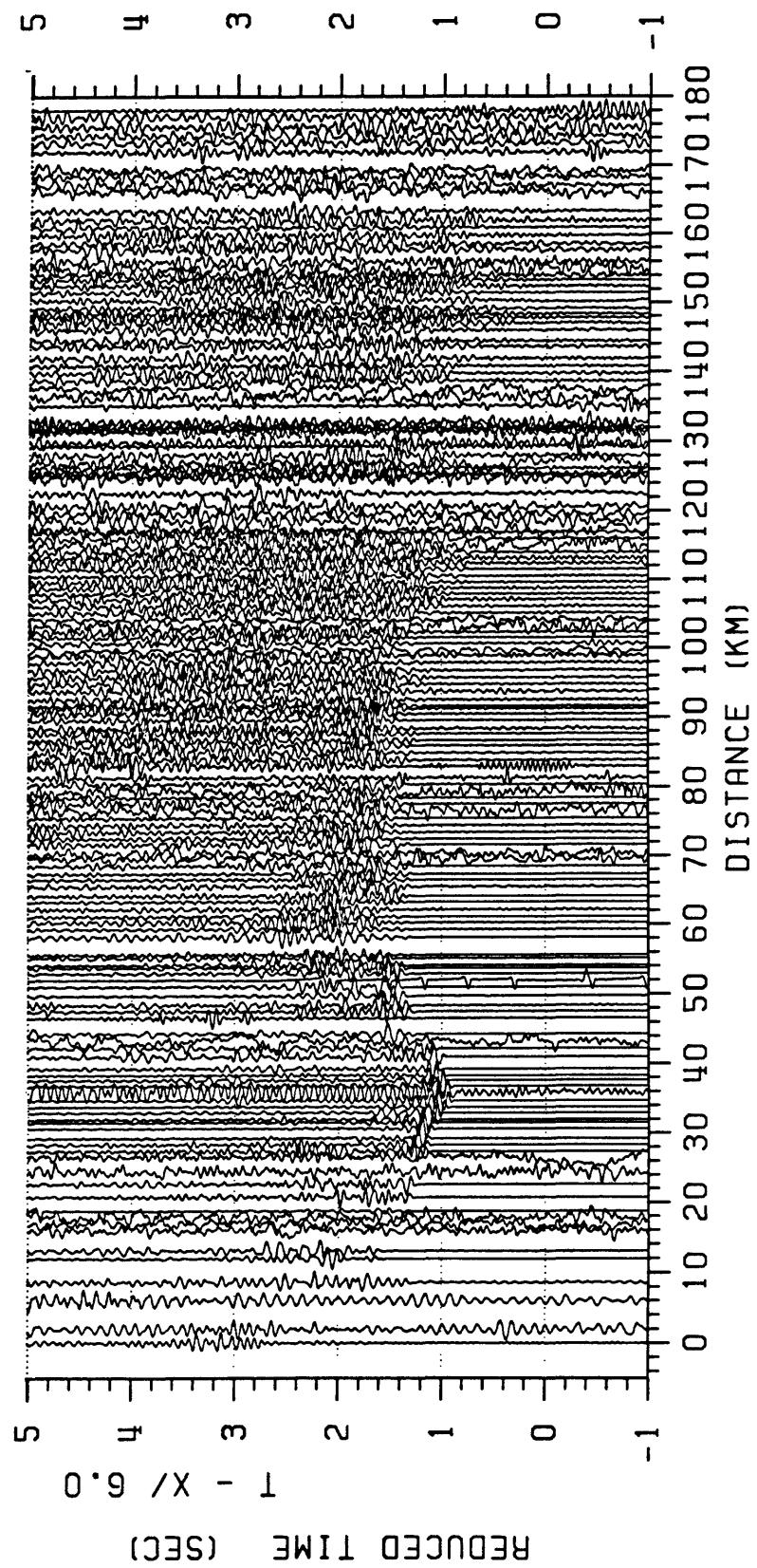


FIGURE 12. SF PROFILE  
SHOT 9 SHOT POINT 1

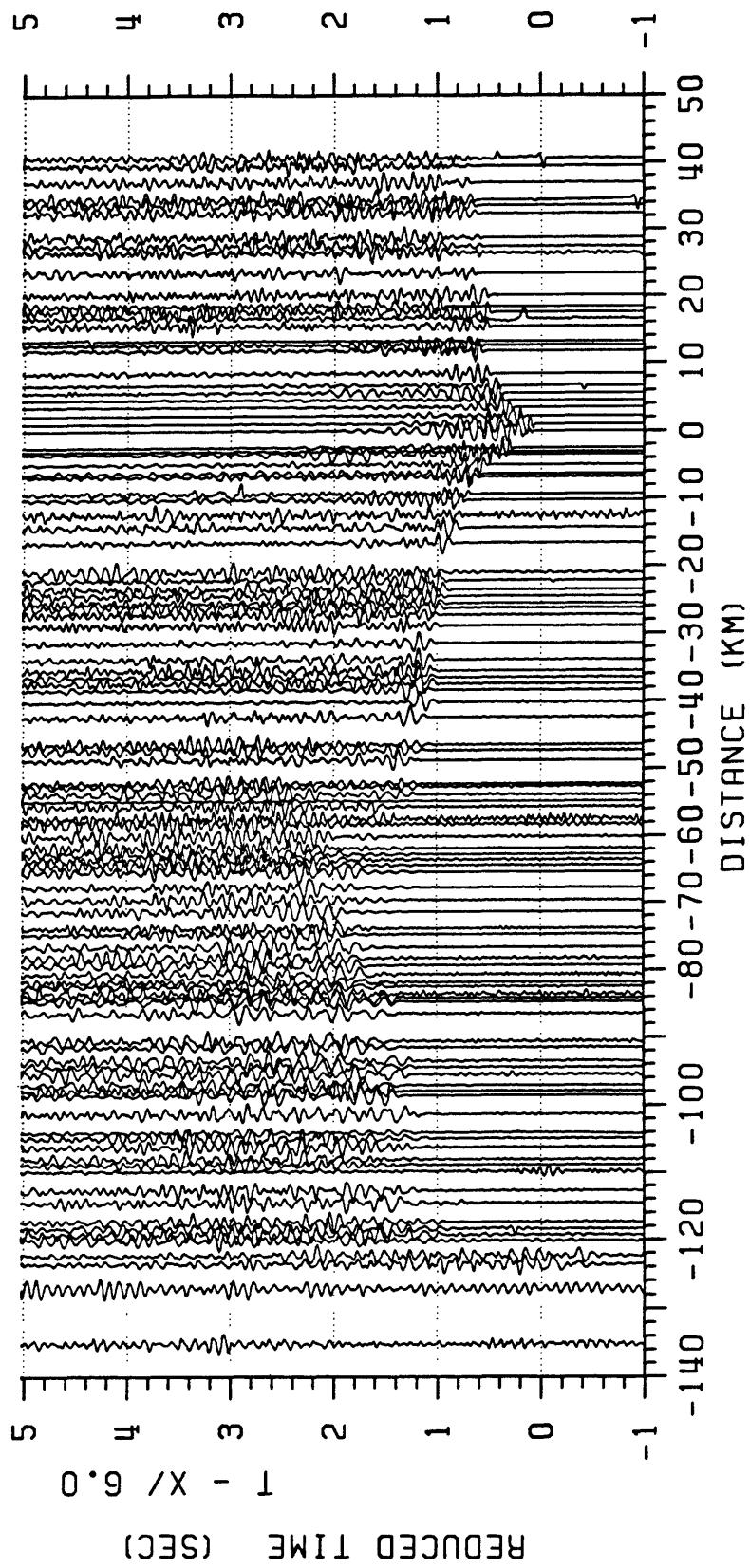


FIGURE 13. SF PROFILE  
SHOT 10 SHOT POINT 10

## APPENDIX A

### SEISMIC RECORDER STATION LOCATIONS

## LOCATIONS FOR LP PROFILE

<u>LOCATION NUMBER</u>	<u>LATITUDE</u>	<u>LONGITUDE</u>	<u>ELEV (m)</u>	<u>LOCATION NUMBER</u>	<u>LATITUDE</u>	<u>LONGITUDE</u>	<u>ELEV (m)</u>
1016	36.983229	-121.902656	37	1051	37.027550	-121.900697	104
1017	36.984661	-121.902844	44	1052	37.028645	-121.899091	113
1018	36.985725	-121.903571	46	1053	37.029049	-121.897126	110
1019	36.986789	-121.904191	46	1054	37.029694	-121.894543	113
1020	36.988133	-121.904325	50	1055	37.031534	-121.894914	134
1021	36.989567	-121.905294	50	1056	37.033116	-121.894986	177
1022	36.991042	-121.905536	55	1057	37.033889	-121.893133	201
1023	36.992712	-121.905454	55	1058	37.035342	-121.893095	213
1024	36.993731	-121.905534	52	1059	37.036540	-121.892246	226
1025	36.994857	-121.904508	61	1060	37.038993	-121.894890	323
1026	36.995855	-121.904966	56	1061	37.041114	-121.895454	329
1027	36.997136	-121.905450	55	1062	37.042377	-121.894659	341
1028	36.998458	-121.905206	56	1063	37.042954	-121.892804	347
1029	36.999693	-121.904558	59	1064	37.044259	-121.892252	347
1030	37.001226	-121.905232	49	1065	37.043686	-121.887578	384
1031	37.002590	-121.905681	64	1066	37.045392	-121.888460	396
1032	37.004110	-121.905429	64	1067	37.047211	-121.888912	396
1033	37.005389	-121.905580	64	1068	37.048732	-121.888417	408
1034	37.006619	-121.906594	58	1069	37.048394	-121.884231	433
1035	37.007707	-121.906040	67	1070	37.049294	-121.882650	433
1036	37.008991	-121.905542	67	1071	37.050830	-121.883153	445
1037	37.010313	-121.905666	67	1072	37.052200	-121.882574	463
1038	37.011595	-121.905331	73	1073	37.053717	-121.882672	469
1039	37.012614	-121.905478	79	1074	37.058558	-121.887853	500
1040	37.013722	-121.905302	79	1075	37.056949	-121.882547	518
1041	37.015007	-121.904562	79	1076	37.058321	-121.881726	512
1042	37.016587	-121.905040	79	1077	37.057424	-121.876779	555
1043	37.017914	-121.904516	73	1078	37.058708	-121.876226	567
1044	37.019240	-121.904127	70	1079	37.059690	-121.875293	585
1045	37.020741	-121.903551	70	1080	37.060948	-121.875280	597
1046	37.022066	-121.903225	79	1081	37.062216	-121.874155	628
1047	37.023195	-121.903022	79	1082	37.063950	-121.874430	640
1048	37.024220	-121.902305	82	1083	37.065076	-121.874155	658
1049	37.025201	-121.901507	91	1084	37.065959	-121.872240	664
1050	37.026012	-121.900275	98	1085	37.067627	-121.872420	658

## LOCATIONS FOR LP PROFILE

LOCATION NUMBER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ELEV (m)	LOCATION NUMBER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ELEV (m)
1086	37.069099	-121.871902	673	1189	37.103033	-121.843597	1033
1087	37.070028	-121.870848	683	1190	37.104015	-121.844907	1040
1088	37.071348	-121.870303	713	1191	37.104811	-121.846066	1015
1089	37.072515	-121.869221	732	1192	37.105768	-121.846986	1025
1090	37.073291	-121.867630	750	1193	37.106532	-121.845452	1042
1091	37.074871	-121.867273	774	1194	37.106510	-121.843997	1042
1092	37.076540	-121.867587	762	1195	37.107311	-121.843294	1061
1093	37.076684	-121.864680	768	1196	37.108112	-121.842457	1067
1094	37.077961	-121.864109	771	1197	37.109064	-121.841565	1073
1095	37.079241	-121.863021	713	1198	37.110190	-121.840619	1097
1096	37.080129	-121.862264	668	1199	37.111533	-121.841047	1109
1097	37.081299	-121.861642	597	1200	37.111963	-121.840405	1012
1098	37.082511	-121.860427	549	1201	37.113067	-121.838864	1076
1099	37.083733	-121.859695	524	1202	37.113314	-121.837019	1083
1000	37.084965	-121.858613	488	1203	37.114269	-121.835713	1078
1101	37.086133	-121.858015	524	1204	37.115304	-121.834763	1038
1102	37.087454	-121.857551	604	1205	37.116676	-121.833732	1064
1171	37.090880	-121.857417	783	1206	37.118224	-121.833386	1046
1172	37.091163	-121.856727	786	1207	37.119203	-121.832271	1046
1173	37.092139	-121.855874	793	1208	37.120182	-121.831157	1046
1174	37.093334	-121.856007	802	1209	37.121292	-121.830223	1013
1175	37.094436	-121.856781	821	1210	37.122065	-121.829194	994
1176	37.095537	-121.857556	840	1211	37.123581	-121.829106	966
1177	37.096572	-121.857704	849	1212	37.125474	-121.829033	920
1178	37.097617	-121.858662	883	1213	37.126448	-121.827895	878
1179	37.098328	-121.857683	895	1214	37.127249	-121.826460	823
1180	37.099038	-121.856704	907	1215	37.128072	-121.825106	774
1181	37.098662	-121.852586	886	1216	37.129523	-121.824913	774
1182	37.098681	-121.849532	916	1217	37.131192	-121.825044	719
1183	37.097245	-121.845257	927	1218	37.132644	-121.824392	674
1184	37.097608	-121.843459	956	1219	37.134052	-121.823767	634
1185	37.098249	-121.842951	971	1220	37.135342	-121.822789	598
1186	37.099886	-121.842631	1002	1221	37.136982	-121.822909	609
1187	37.101040	-121.842106	1024	1222	37.138621	-121.822811	638
1188	37.101946	-121.842805	1045	1223	37.139646	-121.821980	633

**LOCATIONS FOR LP PROFILE**

<b>LOCATION NUMBER</b>	<b>LATITUDE</b>	<b>LONGITUDE</b>	<b>ELEV (m)</b>
1224	37.140766	-121.821232	633
1225	37.141511	-121.819027	625
1226	37.142367	-121.817427	611
1227	37.142924	-121.816149	625
1228	37.144589	-121.815850	556
1229	37.145630	-121.814848	523
1230	37.147221	-121.814513	491
1231	37.148781	-121.814884	478
1232	37.150090	-121.814301	482
1233	37.151400	-121.813718	487
1234	37.152437	-121.812453	524
1235	37.153778	-121.812173	503
1236	37.156054	-121.813746	479
1237	37.158179	-121.815411	471
1238	37.159677	-121.815763	488
1239	37.161160	-121.815733	506
1240	37.162603	-121.815124	496
1300	37.165734	-121.802574	232
1301	37.166274	-121.801058	232
1302	37.166987	-121.799514	207
1303	37.167679	-121.797808	195
1304	37.168524	-121.797211	189
1305	37.170518	-121.796965	168
1306	37.171471	-121.795610	165
1307	37.172099	-121.793997	182
1308	37.172774	-121.792223	190
1309	37.172979	-121.790398	176
1310	37.172637	-121.788107	161
1311	37.173650	-121.786916	162
1312	37.174819	-121.785661	152
1313	37.176532	-121.785606	152
1314	37.179577	-121.787834	156

## LOCATIONS FOR SF PROFILE

LOCATION NUMBER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ELEV (m)	LOCATION NUMBER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ELEV (m)
200-1	37.935139	-122.697281	3	2036	37.923566	-122.635619	536
2002	37.947429	-122.709586	49	2037	37.929981	-122.642995	500
2003	37.955081	-122.712830	67	2038	37.939229	-122.657293	463
2004	37.963881	-122.721561	137	2039	37.943875	-122.666099	366
2005	37.972317	-122.729282	128	2040	37.935991	-122.649475	466
2006	37.979967	-122.736167	122	2041	37.809611	-122.475243	06
2007	37.989182	-122.745886	113	2042	37.806289	-122.469206	23
2008	37.997798	-122.754334	58	2043	37.798795	-122.477066	84
2009	38.010870	-122.763616	51	2044	37.790895	-122.481170	18
2010	38.018202	-122.769792	52	2045	37.783645	-122.492814	76
2011	38.027795	-122.777514	46	2046	37.771676	-122.480972	64
2012	38.035556	-122.781864	24	2047	37.767926	-122.478223	67
2013	38.04897	-122.791904	11	2048	37.757144	-122.470747	160
2014	38.056154	-122.797635	6	2049	37.751031	-122.447922	244
2015	38.063271	-122.810349	3	2050	37.737829	-122.454040	247
2016	38.068195	-122.821859	3	2051	37.736210	-122.481588	27
2017	38.077301	-122.830215	3	2052	37.715729	-122.484542	08
2018	38.087731	-122.840170	3	2053	37.707562	-122.485268	14
2019	38.094605	-122.847911	3	2054	37.701771	-122.456891	191
2020	38.109285	-122.863898	3	2055	37.694331	-122.452977	91
2021	37.827254	-122.489755	12	2056	37.681312	-122.454214	64
2022	37.836039	-122.496554	99	2057	37.670633	-122.450376	29
2023	37.844304	-122.505718	85	2058	37.656236	-122.453247	76
2024	37.855232	-122.510370	241	2059	37.642379	-122.448116	130
2025	37.860831	-122.520985	265	2060	37.630319	-122.460602	198
2026	37.868339	-122.528569	11	2061	37.496676	-122.368271	274
2027	37.872727	-122.541257	177	2062	37.504768	-122.372109	335
2028	37.884772	-122.554063	207	2063	37.512691	-122.374760	328
2029	37.893328	-122.555352	223	2064	37.521040	-122.378334	322
2030	37.902355	-122.569181	235	2065	37.526851	-122.385959	322
2031	37.909605	-122.576248	280	2066	37.532770	-122.394317	328
2032	37.915093	-122.582579	293	2067	37.539256	-122.401913	328
2033	37.912678	-122.596190	366	2068	37.544830	-122.410952	338
2034	37.914807	-122.607052	637	2069	37.550775	-122.416321	328
2035	37.915732	-122.626393	613	2070	37.557932	-122.421163	

## LOCATIONS FOR SF PROFILE

LOCATION NUMBER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ELEV (m)	LOCATION NUMBER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ELEV (m)
2071	37.564114	-122.427240	329	2111	37.312927	-122.176839	655
2072	37.571812	-122.431973	351	2112	37.308407	-122.166891	668
2073	37.577174	-122.441093	411	2113	37.300502	-122.161279	672
2074	37.584870	-122.445390	381	2114	37.292473	-122.157325	705
2075	37.594516	-122.445654	347	2115	37.282157	-122.148726	711
2076	37.599658	-122.452783	335	2116	37.274041	-122.146471	763
2077	37.609365	-122.456577	384	2117	37.267603	-122.137353	779
2078	37.617948	-122.460800	312	2118	37.259991	-122.128441	793
2081	37.487315	-122.362638	321	2119	37.257151	-122.119174	816
2082	37.482071	-122.358385	387	2120	37.249634	-122.112005	853
2083	37.471421	-122.354801	453	2121	37.238624	-122.103762	890
2084	37.464573	-122.345236	509	2122	37.232344	-122.097053	916
2085	37.457101	-122.337792	580	2123	37.223363	-122.089873	945
2086	37.447899	-122.334010	614	2124	37.221466	-122.076701	889
2087	37.442417	-122.324196	634	2125	37.216692	-122.069150	875
2088	37.433880	-122.315787	618	2126	37.212521	-122.059278	834
2089	37.427245	-122.309545	622	2127	37.206386	-122.048767	772
2090	37.416761	-122.315666	701	2128	37.196452	-122.039758	738
2091	37.413551	-122.307537	686	2129	37.188679	-122.030624	730
2092	37.405939	-122.302464	685	2130	37.182284	-122.030421	739
2093	37.398969	-122.292078	685	2131	37.173481	-122.024493	704
2094	37.393867	-122.286676	615	2132	37.166917	-122.025415	655
2095	37.389156	-122.276979	511	2133	37.165661	-122.014932	619
2096	37.388621	-122.266212	456	2134	37.159930	-122.007038	660
2097	37.378563	-122.261571	511	2135	37.154520	-121.998936	645
2101	37.371665	-122.253648	543	2136	37.144676	-121.990063	681
2102	37.365486	-122.246941	561	2137	37.142483	-121.973349	557
2103	37.357492	-122.245364	568	2138	37.136699	-121.966166	499
2104	37.351143	-122.238287	598	2139	37.131574	-121.957642	502
2105	37.346665	-122.228549	634	2140	37.127742	-121.945440	493
2106	37.341188	-122.219257	609	2141	37.123491	-121.932758	491
2107	37.333277	-122.214087	668	2142	37.117956	-121.922602	489
2108	37.327561	-122.206922	709	2143	37.112386	-121.913873	524
2109	37.321925	-122.198288	738	2144	37.107258	-121.901512	582
2110	37.316632	-122.187951	718	2145	37.101139	-121.894974	574

**LOCATIONS FOR SF PROFILE**

<b>LOCATION NUMBER</b>	<b>LATITUDE</b>	<b>LONGITUDE</b>	<b>ELEV (m)</b>	<b>LOCATION NUMBER</b>	<b>LATITUDE</b>	<b>LONGITUDE</b>	<b>ELEV (m)</b>
2146	37.098326	-121.885805	575	2183	37.005643	-121.708481	508
2147	37.094477	-121.876039	591	2184	37.011308	-121.714093	549
2148	37.090788	-121.869033	575	2185	37.017907	-121.722940	638
2149	37.087334	-121.860659	530	2186	37.024090	-121.729354	659
2150	37.083250	-121.851697	491	2187	37.028382	-121.739087	687
2151	37.076617	-121.840474	517	2188	37.036701	-121.746254	714
2152	37.070754	-121.833341	533	8040	37.941200	-122.682523	174
2153	37.067993	-121.823843	674				
2154	37.065467	-121.811650	841				
2155	37.067854	-121.802162	890				
2156	37.063776	-121.793381	827				
2157	37.056584	-121.780276	798				
2158	37.052691	-121.770539	766				
2159	37.048191	-121.760876	766				
2160	37.044657	-121.751185	723				
2161	36.858957	-121.530287	61				
2162	36.863699	-121.541623	60				
2163	36.869783	-121.548261	61				
2164	36.876146	-121.553168	50				
2165	36.882544	-121.563209	51				
2166	36.887594	-121.575402	153				
2167	36.890973	-121.585421	197				
2168	36.897355	-121.596950	120				
2169	36.902195	-121.602090	48				
2170	36.908021	-121.614805	46				
2171	36.910782	-121.630086	42				
2172	36.914068	-121.654474	33				
2174	36.939356	-121.650274	442				
2175	36.950972	-121.653800	437				
2176	36.961075	-121.662959	463				
2177	36.972009	-121.660601	408				
2178	36.980554	-121.662286	374				
2179	36.986341	-121.669860	505				
2180	36.992436	-121.678553	481				
2181	36.996928	-121.686517	210				

## APPENDIX B

### SEG-Y Data File Format

```
c
c      INCLUDE FILE FOR FORTRAN PROGRAMS TO READ SEGY DATA FILES
c
c This file is an implicit definition of SEGY format with additions
c for refraction work. It is the SEGY standard of Barry et al
c Geophysics (1975) with extensions labelled LDS USE and USGS use
c for refraction work. When used as an include file for a FORTRAN
c program, all variables will be set after reading arrays SEGY1A,
c SEGY1B, and SEGYDB.
c
c Character code is EBCDIC unless IEEE data format (see variable icode)
c If IEEE, then the character code is ASCII.
c
c Written by Carl Spencer and Isa Asudeh 4/2/86 original specification
c This version is compatible with the final Lithoprobe version dated
c      5-DEC-1987.
c
c
c Maximum number of bytes allowed in a trace (system dependent)
c MAXLEN = ((max trace length) * (sample rate) * (bytes per sample))
c           + 240
      parameter (MAXLEN=16620)
c
c
c SEGY REEL IDENTIFICATION HEADER PART 1
      byte segy1a(3200)
c SEGY REEL IDENTIFICATION HEADER PART 2
      byte segy1b(400)
c SEGY TRACE DATA BLOCK
      byte segydb(MAXLEN)
      common/segycom/iiopen,segy1a,segy1b,segydb
c
c EBCDIC CARDS
      character*80 cards(40)
      equivalence (segy1a(1),cards(1))
c
```

```

c TRACE IDENTIFICATION HEADER
    byte thead(240)
    equivalence (segydb(1),thead(1))
c
c DATA WORDS
    integer*2    iidata((MAXLEN-240)/2)
    integer*4    jdata((MAXLEN-240)/4)
    real*4      rdata((MAXLEN-240)/4)
    equivalence (segydb(241),iidata(1),jdata(1),rdata(1))
c
c
c-----
c Binary area of file (or reel) Identification Header starts here
c-----
c
c
c
c-----
```

c Job Identification number	SEGY STANDARD
integer*4 jobid	
equivalence (segylb(1),jobid)	
c	
c Line number	SEGY STANDARD
integer*4 lineno	
equivalence (segylb(5),lineno)	
c	
c Reel number	SEGY STANDARD
integer*4 reelno	
equivalence (segylb(9),reelno)	
c	
c Number of data traces per record	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 ntrace	
equivalence (segylb(13),ntrace)	
c	
c Number of auxiliary traces per record	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 nauxt	
equivalence (segylb(15),nauxt)	
c	
c Sample interval in microseconds - this data	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 sint	
equivalence (segylb(17),sint)	
c	

```

c Sample interval in microseconds (in field)           SEGY STANDARD
    integer*2 sint2
    equivalence (segy1b(19),sint2)
c
c No of samples per trace - this data             SEGY STANDARD
    integer*2 nsam
    equivalence (segy1b(21),nsam)
c
c No of samples per trace (in field)           SEGY STANDARD
    integer*2 nsam2
    equivalence (segy1b(23),nsam2)
c
c Data sample format code                      SEGY STANDARD
c icode=0001 (1)      IBM FLOATING POINT          SEGY STANDARD
c icode=0002 (2)      FIXED POINT (4 bytes)       SEGY STANDARD
c icode=0003 (3)      FIXED POINT (2 bytes)       SEGY STANDARD
c icode=0004 (4)      FIXED POINT WITH GAIN      SEGY STANDARD
c icode=0100 (256)    FLOATING POINT - IEEE      VERITAS STANDARD
c icode=0200 (512)    FIXED POINT (4 bytes) - IEEE
c icode=0300 (768)    FIXED POINT (2 bytes) - IEEE
c icode=0500 (1280)   LUNCHBOX FORMAT            LDS USE
c icode=0600 (1536)   VAX R*4 FORMAT             LDS USE
    integer*2 icode
    equivalence (segy1b(25),icode)
c
c Number of traces in CDP ensemble            SEGY STANDARD
    integer*2 ncdp
    equivalence (segy1b(27),ncdp)
c
c Trace sorting code                         SEGY STANDARD
c itsort=1 as recorded                      SEGY STANDARD
c itsort=2 CDP ensemble                     SEGY STANDARD
c itsort=3 Single fold continuous          SEGY STANDARD
c itsort=4 Horizontal stack                 SEGY STANDARD
c No LDS or USGS use.
    integer*2 itsort
    equivalence (segy1b(29),itsort)
c

```

c Vertical sum code	SEGY STANDARD
c    vcode=n sum on n traces	
integer*2 vcode	
equivalence (segy1b(31),vcode)	
c	
c Start sweep frequency (hz)	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 ssweep	
equivalence (segy1b(33),ssweep)	
c	
c End sweep frequency (hz)	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 esweep	
equivalence (segy1b(35),esweep)	
c	
c Sweep length in milliseconds	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 sleng	
equivalence (segy1b(37),sleng)	
c	
c Sweep type	SEGY STANDARD
c    stype=1 Linear	SEGY STANDARD
c    stype=2 Parabolic	SEGY STANDARD
c    stype=3 Exponential	SEGY STANDARD
c    stype=4 Other	SEGY STANDARD
c    stype=5 Borehole source	LDS USE
c    stype=6 Water explosive source	LDS USE
c    stype=7 Airgun source	LDS USE
integer*2 stype	
equivalence (segy1b(39),stype)	
c	
c Trace number of sweep channel	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 nts	
equivalence (segy1b(41),nts)	
c	
c Sweep trace taper in milliseconds at start	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 stts	
equivalence (segy1b(43),stts)	
c	
c Sweep trace taper in milliseconds at end	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 stte	
equivalence (segy1b(45),stte)	
c	

```

c Taper type                               SEGY STANDARD
c ttype=1 Linear                         SEGY STANDARD
c ttype=2 cos**2                          SEGY STANDARD
c ttype=3 Other                           SEGY STANDARD
    integer*2 ttype
    equivalence (segylb(47),ttype)

c
c Correlated data traces                  SEGY STANDARD
c cort=1 no 2 yes
    integer*2 cort
    equivalence (segylb(49),cort)

c
c Binary gain recovered                  SEGY STANDARD
c bgr=1 Yes. For USGS data, the data has also been demeaned.
c bgr=2 No
    integer*2 bgr
    equivalence (segylb(51),bgr)

c
c Amplitude recovery methods            SEGY STANDARD
c arm=1 none 2 spherical 3 AGC 4 other
    integer*2 arm
    equivalence (segylb(53),arm)

c
c Measurement system                    SEGY STANDARD
c isys=1 meters 2 feet
    integer*2 isys
    equivalence (segylb(55),isys)

c
c Polarity                               SEGY STANDARD
c ipol=1 Upward movement gives neg. number SEGY STANDARD
c ipol=2 Upward movement gives pos. number SEGY STANDARD
    integer*2 ipol
    equivalence (segylb(57),ipol)

c
c Vibrator polarity code               SEGY STANDARD
    integer*2 vpc
    equivalence (segylb(59),vpc)

```

c Number of traces in the file	LDS USE
c Used for disk files.	
integer*2 notif	
equivalence (segy1b(61),notif)	
c	
c Attribute information	LDS USE
c attri=0 velocity/displacement data	
c attri=1 instantaneous amplitude	
c attri=2 instantaneous frequency	
c attri=3 instantaneous phase	
c attri=4 slowness (m/ms)	
c attri=5 semblance (0-1000)	
integer*2 attri	
equivalence (segy1b(63),attri)	
c	
c Mean amplitude of all samples	LDS USE
c in all traces in file     Used for disk files.	
real*4 meanas	
equivalence (segy1b(65),meanas)	
c	
c Domain of data	LDS USE
c domain=0 Time - distance domain	
c domain=1 Frequency - wavenumber domain	
c domain=2 Intercept time - slowness domain	
integer*2 domain	
equivalence (segy1b(69),domain)	
c	
c Bytes 71, 72 unused to align four byte boundaries.	
c	
c Reduction velocity meters/sec if data is reduced	LDS USE
integer*4 vred	
equivalence (segy1b(73),vred)	
c	
c Minimum of all samples in file.	LDS USE
real*4 minass	
equivalence (segy1b(77),minass)	
c	
c Maximum of all samples in file.	LDS USE
real*4 maxass	
equivalence (segy1b(81),maxass)	
c	

```
c Recording instrument type           USGS USE
c iinstr=1  EDA lunchbox recorder
c iinstr=2  USGS seismic cassette recorder
c iinstr=3  GEOS
c iinstr=99 Mixed
    integer*2 iinstr
    equivalence (segylb(85),iinstr)
c
c File creation date - Last two digits of year      USGS USE
    integer*2 cryear
    equivalence (segylb(87),cryear)
c
c File creation date - Month of year                USGS USE
    integer*2 crmnth
    equivalence (segylb(89),crmnth)
c
c File creation date - Day of month               USGS USE
    integer*2 crday
    equivalence (segylb(91),crday)
c
c Bytes 93-398 of the binary File Identification Header are not used
c
c Format version number (x100)
c Version 0.99  "Discussion version", October 1986.
c Version 1.00  "Final version", December 5, 1987
    integer*2 fvn
    equivalence (segylb(399),fvn)
c
```

```

c -----
c Trace Identification Header (total of 240 bytes) starts here
c -----
c
c Trace sequence number within line          SEGY STANDARD
    integer*4 tsnl
    equivalence (thead(1),tsnl)
c
c Trace sequence number within file         SEGY STANDARD
    integer*4 tsnt
    equivalence (thead(5),tsnt)
c
c Original field record number            SEGY STANDARD
c For LDS use this will be sequential shot number
    integer*4 ofrn
    equivalence (thead(9),ofrn)
c
c Trace number within original field record SEGY STANDARD
    integer*4 tnofr
    equivalence (thead(13),tnofr)
c
c Energy source point number             SEGY STANDARD
    integer*4 espn
    equivalence (thead(17),espn)
c
c CDP number                           SEGY STANDARD
    integer*4 cdp
    equivalence (thead(21),cdp)
c
c Trace number within CDP               SEGY STANDARD
    integer*4 tnccdp
    equivalence (thead(25),tnccdp)
c
c Trace identification code           SEGY STANDARD
c 1 = Seismic data, 2 = Dead,   3 = Dummy
c 4 = Time break,   5 = Uphole,  6 = Sweep
c 7 = Timing,       8 = Water break
c 9 = Deleted trace
c 10 = Long Period data (see thead(117),isi)
    integer*2 tic
    equivalence (thead(29),tic)
c

```

c Number of vertically summed traces		
c yielding this trace		SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 nvs		
equivalence (thead(31),nvs)		
c		
c Number of horizontally stacked traces		
c yielding this trace		SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 nhs		
equivalence (thead(33),nhs)		
c		
c Data use (1=production 2=test)		SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 duse		
equivalence (thead(35),duse)		
c		
c Distance from source to receiver		SEGY STANDARD
integer*4 idist		
equivalence (thead(37),idist)		
c		
c Receiver group elevation		SEGY STANDARD
integer*4 irel		
equivalence (thead(41),irel)		
c		
c Surface elevation of source		SEGY STANDARD
integer*4 ishe		
equivalence (thead(45),ishe)		
c		
c Shot depth		SEGY STANDARD
integer*4 ishd		
equivalence (thead(49),ishd)		
c		
c Datum elevation at receiver		SEGY STANDARD
integer*4 delr		
equivalence (thead(53),delr)		
c		
c Datum elevation at source		SEGY STANDARD
integer*4 dels		
equivalence (thead(57),dels)		
c		
c Water depth at source		SEGY STANDARD
integer*4 wds		
equivalence (thead(61),wds)		
c		

c Water depth at receiver	SEGY STANDARD
integer*4 wdr	
equivalence (thead(65),wdr)	
c	
c Scalar multiplier/divisor for bytes 41-68	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 smul1	
equivalence (thead(69),smul1)	
c	
c Scalar multiplier/divisor for bytes 73-88	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 smul2	
equivalence (thead(71),smul2)	
c	
c Source coordinate X or longitude (East positive)	SEGY STANDARD
integer*4 ishlo	
equivalence (thead(73),ishlo)	
c	
c Source coordinate Y or latitude (North positive)	SEGY STANDARD
integer*4 ishla	
equivalence (thead(77),ishla)	
c	
c Group coordinate X or longitude (East positive)	SEGY STANDARD
integer*4 irlo	
equivalence (thead(81),irlo)	
c	
c Group coordinate Y or latitude (North positive)	SEGY STANDARD
integer*4 irla	
equivalence (thead(85),irla)	
c	
c Coordinate units	SEGY STANDARD
c 1: meters/feet	
c 2: seconds of arc (smul2 holds multiplier)	
c N: mod 100 = TX zone	
c div 100 = RX zone	
integer*2 cunits	
equivalence (thead(89),cunits)	
c	
c Weathering velocity (m/s?)	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 wvel	
equivalence (thead(91),wvel)	
c	

c Subweathering velocity (m/s?)	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 swvel	
equivalence (thead(93),swvel)	
c	
c Uphole time at source	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 utimes	
equivalence (thead(95),utimes)	
c	
c Uphole time at group	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 utimeg	
equivalence (thead(97),utimeg)	
c	
c Source static correction (ms?)	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 sstati	
equivalence (thead(99),sstati)	
c	
c Group static	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 gstat	
equivalence (thead(101),gstat)	
c	
c Total static	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 tstat	
equivalence (thead(103),tstat)	
c	
c Lag time A	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 istime	
equivalence (thead(105),istime)	
c	
c Lag time B	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 ibtime	
equivalence (thead(107),ibtime)	
c	
c Delay recording time (reduced start time) (msec)	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 ictime	
equivalence (thead(109),ictime)	
c	
c Mute start time	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 mtimes	
equivalence (thead(111),mtimes)	
c	

c Mute end time	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 mtimee	
equivalence (thead(113),mtimee)	
c	
c No of samples in this trace	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 length	
equivalence (thead(115),length)	
c	
c Sampling interval in microseconds	SEGY STANDARD
c If (thead(29),itic) = 10, in milliseconds	USGS STANDARD
integer*2 isi	
equivalence (thead(117),isi)	
c	
c Gain type (1=fixed 2=binary 3=floating)	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 gaint	
equivalence (thead(119),gaint)	
c	
c Gain constant	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 gc	
equivalence (thead(121),gc)	
c	
c Instrument or initial gain in DB	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 gidb	
equivalence (thead(123),gidb)	
c	
c Correlated 1=no 2=yes	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 tcorr	
equivalence (thead(125),tcorr)	
c	
c Start sweep frequency (hz)	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 tsswee	
equivalence (thead(127),tsswee)	
c	
c End sweep frequency (hz)	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 teswee	
equivalence (thead(129),teswee)	
c	
c Sweep length in milliseconds	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 tsleng	
equivalence (thead(131),tsleng)	
c	

c Sweep type	SEGY STANDARD
c stype=1 Linear	SEGY STANDARD
c stype=2 Parabolic	SEGY STANDARD
c stype=3 Exponential	SEGY STANDARD
c stype=4 Other	SEGY STANDARD
c stype=5 Borehole source	LDS USE
c stype=6 Water explosive source	LDS USE
c stype=7 Airgun source	LDS USE
integer*2 tstype	
equivalence (thead(133),tstype)	
c	
c Sweep trace taper in milliseconds at start	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 tstts	
equivalence (thead(135),tstts)	
c	
c Sweep trace taper in milliseconds at end	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 tstte	
equivalence (thead(137),tstte)	
c	
c Taper type	SEGY STANDARD
c ttype=1 Linear	SEGY STANDARD
c ttype=2 Cos**2	SEGY STANDARD
c ttype=3 Other	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 tttype	
equivalence (thead(139),tttype)	
c	
c Antialias filter frequency	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 aif	
equivalence (thead(141),aif)	
c	
c Alias filter slope	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 ais	
equivalence (thead(143),ais)	
c	
c Notch filter frequency	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 nif	
equivalence (thead(145),nif)	
c	
c Notch filter slope	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 nis	
equivalence (thead(147),nis)	
c	

c Low cut frequency	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 flc	
equivalence (thead(149),flc)	
c	
c High cut frequency	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 fhc	
equivalence (thead(151),fhc)	
c	
c Low cut slope	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 slc	
equivalence (thead(153),slc)	
c	
c High cut slope	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 shc	
equivalence (thead(155),shc)	
c	
c Year of start of trace	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 tyear	
equivalence (thead(157),tyear)	
c	
c Day of start of trace	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 tday	
equivalence (thead(159),tday)	
c	
c Hour of start of trace	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 thour	
equivalence (thead(161),thour)	
c	
c Minute of start of trace	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 tmin	
equivalence (thead(163),tmin)	
c	
c Second of start of trace	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 tsec	
equivalence (thead(165),tsec)	
c	
c Time basis code 1=local 2=GMT	SEGY STANDARD
integer*2 tbcode	
equivalence (thead(167),tbcode)	
c	

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c Trace weighting factor          SEGY STANDARD
    integer*2 twf
    equivalence (thead(169),twf)
c
c Geophone group no. on roll switch first position   SEGY STANDARD
    integer*2 ggrp1
    equivalence (thead(171),ggrp1)
c
c Geophone group no. trace position 1          SEGY STANDARD
c   on field record
    integer*2 ggtp
    equivalence (thead(173),ggtp)
c
c Time code translator error light      USGS USE
c   1=No error  2=Error
    integer*2 errlt
    equivalence (thead(175),errlt)
c
c Distance-azimuth calculation algorithm      USGS USE
c   1 = Sodano algorithm. The program utilizes the Sodano and Robinson
c       (1963) direct solution of geodesics (Army Map Service, Tech Rep
c       #7, Section IV).
    integer*2 daca
    equivalence (thead(177),daca)
c
c Earth dimension code          USGS USE
c   1 = Fischer spheroid (1960),
c       OMEGA & NASA datums           6378166.  298.30
c   2 = Clark ellipsoid (1866),
c       N. American datum 1927        6378206.4 294.98
c   3 = Ref ellipsoid (1967), S. American datum 6378160  298.25
c   4 = Hayford International Ellipsoid (1910) 6378388.  297.00
c   5 = World Geodetic Survey Ellipsoid (1972) 6378135.  298.26
c   6 = Bessel (1841), Tokyo datum      6377397.  299.15
c   7 = Everest (1830), India datum    6377276.  300.80
c   8 = Airy (1936),
c       Ordnance survey of Great Britain 6377563.  299.32
c   9 = Hough (1960), Wake-Eniwetok     6378270.  297.00
c 10 = Fischer (1968), Modified Mercury 6378150.  298.30
c 11 = Clarke (1880)                  6378249.  293.47
    integer*2 edc
    equivalence (thead(179),edc)

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```

c
c Microseconds of trace start time           LDS USE
    integer*4 mst
    equivalence (thead(181),mst)
c
c Millisecond of timing correction          LDS USE
    integer*2 cor
    equivalence (thead(185),cor)
c
c Charge size in kg                         LDS USE
    integer*2 charge
    equivalence (thead(187),charge)
c
c Shot time - Year                         LDS USE
    integer*2 syear
    equivalence (thead(189),syear)
c
c Shot time - Day                          LDS USE
    integer*2 sday
    equivalence (thead(191),sday)
c
c Shot time - Hour                         LDS USE
    integer*2 shour
    equivalence (thead(193),shour)
c
c Shot time - Minute                      LDS USE
    integer*2 shmin
    equivalence (thead(195),shmin)
c
c Shot time - Second                       LDS USE
    integer*2 sseco
    equivalence (thead(197),sseco)
c
c Shot time - Microsecond                 LDS USE
    integer*4 ssmic
    equivalence (thead(199),ssmic)
c
c Azimuth of receiver from shot (minutes of arc) LDS USE
    integer*2 azimut
    equivalence (thead(203),azimut)
c

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```

c Azimuth of geophone orientation axis with             LDS USE
c respect to true north in minutes of arc
    integer*2 geoazi
    equivalence (thead(205),geoazi)

c
c Angle between geophone orientation axis and        LDS USE
c vertical in minutes of arc
    integer*2 geover
    equivalence (thead(207),geover)

c
c Time to be added to recorded trace time to get     LDS USE
c actual trace start time. To be used when data
c has been reduced but start time is not updated
c so that the actual time can be recovered even if
c distance and shot time have changed
c (microseconds)
    integer*4 ttrace
    equivalence (thead(209),ttrace)

c
c Recording instrument number                         LDS USE
    character*4 scrs
    equivalence (thead(213),scrs)

c
c Deployment name                                    LDS USE
    character*4 deploy
    equivalence (thead(217),deploy)

c
c Shotpoint name (shotpoint number)                 LDS USE
    character*4 spname
    equivalence (thead(221),spname)

c
c Receiver site name (station number)              LDS USE
    character*4 rstnam
    equivalence (thead(225),rstnam)

c
c Shot name (shot number)                           LDS USE
    character*4 shotid
    equivalence (thead(229),shotid)

c

```

c Line name	LDS USE
character*4 lineid	
equivalence (thead(233),lineid)	
c	
c Geophone orientation eg R40,Z	LDS USE
character*4 geoor	
equivalence (thead(237),geoor)	
c	
c End of Trace Identification Header	